



PART - 100

CAA Consolidation

Safety Management

DESCRIPTION

The objective of Part 100 is to introduce new rules to improve Mongolian aviation safety performance in a way that embeds an effective safety culture in aviation organisations; and to ensure Mongolia meets its international obligations as a signatory to the Convention on International Civil Aviation.

This document is the current consolidated version of Part 100 produced by the Civil Aviation Authority, and serves as a reference only. It is compiled from the official ordinary rules that have been signed into law by the Minister of Road and Transport. Copies of the official rule and amendments as signed by Minister may be obtained from the Civil Aviation Authority or may be downloaded from the official web site at: www.mcaa.gov.mn

Bulletin

ICAO 29th Assembly Resolution A29-3 of year 1992 urges States to promote global harmonization of national rules.

In order to implement this Resolution, Mongolian Civil Aviation Regulation has been developed based on “Memorandum for Technical Cooperation” between CAA of Mongolia and New Zealand, signed on 6th of May, 1999.

Amendment history**Effective date**

Original issue

012018

Note: This Part 100 original issue has been released in Mongolian and English languages, based on NZCAR Part 100 Amend.0.

List of Rules

100.1. Applicability.....5
100.3. System for safety management5

100.1. Applicability

This Part applies to an organisation that is required by the Civil Aviation Rules to establish, implement, and maintain a system for safety management.

100.3. System for safety management

(a) An organisation to which this Part applies must have a system for safety management that includes-

- (1) a safety policy on which the system for safety management is based; and
- (2) a process for risk management that identifies hazards to aviation safety, and that evaluates and manages the associated risks; and
- (3) safety assurance measures that ensure-
 - (i) hazards, incidents, and accidents are internally reported and analysed and action is taken to prevent recurrence; and
 - (ii) goals for the improvement of aviation safety are set and the attainment of these goals is measured; and
 - (iii) there is a quality assurance program that includes conducting internal audits and regular reviews of the system for safety management; and
- (4) training that ensures personnel are competent to fulfil their safety responsibilities.

(b) The organisation must document all processes required to establish and maintain the system for safety management.

(c) The organisation's system for safety management must correspond to the size of the organisation, the nature and complexity of the activities undertaken by the organisation, and the hazards and associated risks inherent in the activities undertaken by the organisation.

--oOo--